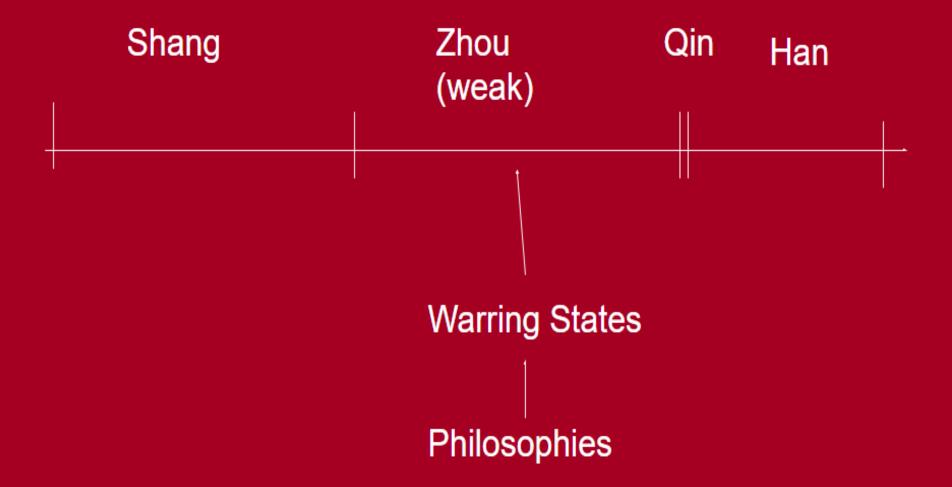
The Philosophies of China

Confucianism, Daoism, Legalism, and Buddhism

A philosophy...?

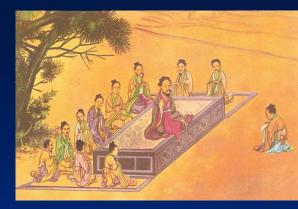
 With your group, come up with a definition of a philosophy...what is it? What is the purpose of it? Why philosophy is related with the ancient China?





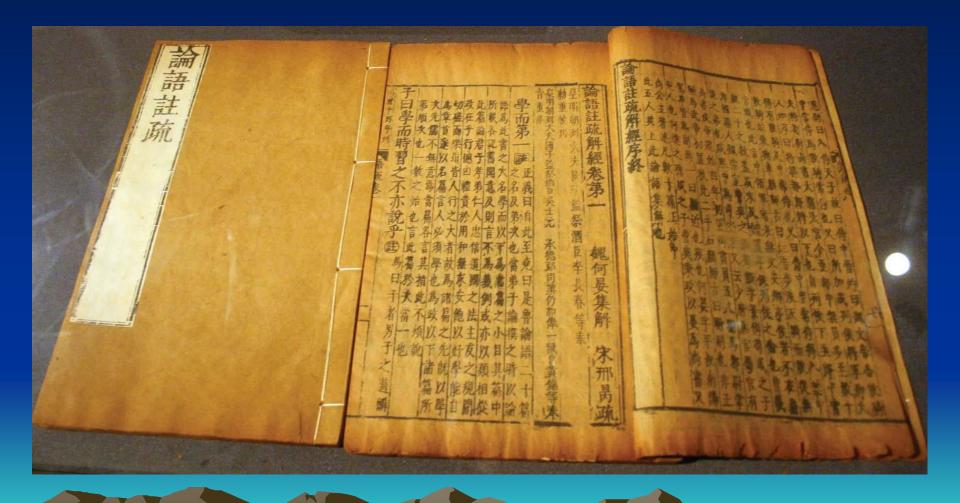
List the philosophies that developed during the Warring States period or more small feuding Chinese kingdoms Confucianism Daoism (Taoism) Legalism

CONFUCIUS



- Born poor
- Became scholar, (failed) local ruler, & teacher
- Never wrote down ideas
- Students wrote his sayings in *The Analects*
- Confucius was not concerned about a relationship with god/spirits, but rather personal relationships and order

The Analects



Confucianism

- Based on <u>ethics (a set of moral</u> principles)
- Confucius believed that China was full of rude and dishonest people
 - Feelings widespread around the Warring States period (~481 B.C.)
 - He believed that <u>China needed to</u> <u>change</u>, and <u>wanted change to come</u> <u>from the family and social harmony</u>
 - Confucius becomes <u>the most</u> influential teacher in Chinese history



Family

- The father should display <u>high moral values</u> and proper behavior to lead his family (this shows that the father was the head of a typical Chinese family)
- Children should respect and obey their parents
- Family members should <u>respect</u> and <u>be</u>
 <u>loyal</u> towards one another

FILIAL PIETY

Respect for parents/elders above all else



Social Harmony (through the government)

– Fair, moral leaders are those which will bring order to China

- The King should lead all of China by example

 Lower classes should learn better behavior by following the example set by the upper classes.

The Five Relationships

Confucius saw five major human relationships

- Confucius believed that rulers would lead by moral example and
- people would behave properly through the example of those
- superior to them
- 1. Ruler subject
- 2. Parent child
- 3. Husband wife
- 4. Elder brother younger brother
- 5. Friend friend

Confucius InspirationBoost.com The man who moves a mountain begins by carrying away small stones.

Proverbs....

Confucius Quotes

Success depends upon previous preparation, and without such preparation there is sure to be failure.



"The strength of a nation derives from the integrity of the home." ~Confucius

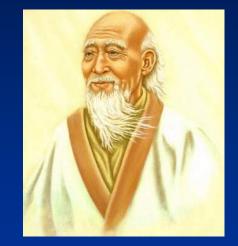
> Our greatest glory is not in never falling but in rising every time we fall.

- Confucius



DAOISM: THE UNSPOKEN WAY

- Founded by Laozi
- Lived during time of Confucius
- Less worry about human affairs
- Harmony with nature
- Focus on the Dao (the way) of the universe
- Things will work out
- Don't tell people how they're suppose to act
- * Stressed that living in harmony with nature



Daoism – the Unspoken Way

To know the Way, We go the Way; We do the Way The way we do The things we do. It's all there in front of you, But if you try too hard to see it, You'll only become confused.



I am me, And you are you, As you can see; But when you do, The things you can do, You will find the Way, And the Way will follow you.

Daoism (Taoism)

Daoism was a response to Confucianism Daoists did not want government involved in people's lives Don't tell people how to act They did not want people interfering with nature or one another Government should be so good people <u>do not</u> realize that it exists

War is only for defense



Daoism (Taoism)

Yin -Feminine -Passive -Darkness -Cold -Weak -Earth -Moon

Yang -Masculine -Active -Light -Warmth -Strong -Heaven -Sun

Daoism (Taoism)

Kung fu Panda

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3JGFUabPWAg



Legalism

Founded by Hanz Feizi

Main philosophy: people were bad and needed to be controlled

Shi Huang Di was a famous Legalist

 Legalists <u>did not care about morals</u>, and they
 only respected authority

Only a political philosophy, not a religion

Legalism was <u>very strict</u>

- Punishment was based on <u>how bad crime was</u>
- Offender, family, and neighbors were all punished

Major goals were unity and efficiency

Wanted <u>trained officials</u> (not nobles) in control

Legalists wanted to expand China's boundaries and always be prepared for <u>war</u>

Shi Huang Di c. 259 – 210 BC

- He gave himself the title Shi Haung Di which means "first emperor."
- He was the first ruler to unify all of China
 - Rules and punishments the same in all parts of the empire
 - Standardized the written language
 - Standardized the currency used in all of China
 - New Roads (50 paces wide) faster movement of the military
 - Irrigation system updated and parts are still in use today
- He is remembered for his building programs including
 - Great Wall of China

- Terra Cotta Army (Over 8,000)
- Dies on his quest to "live forever"
 - Mercury ("quicksilver") not a good thing! \odot
 - Within a few years of his death, the government falls





http://www.history.com/topics/great-wall-ofchina/videos/tomb-of-chinas-first-emperor



populartourismplace.com

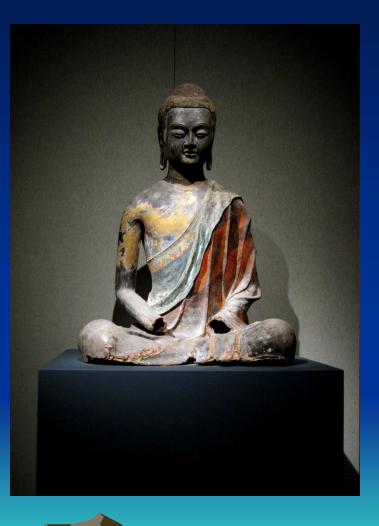
http://www.history.com/topics/gr eat-wall-ofchina/videos/deconstructinghistory-great-wall-of-china

conservativebyte.com

Buddhism

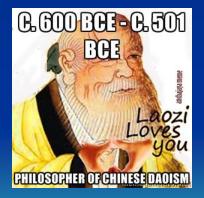
- Buddhism is originally from India
 - Reached China through traders using the Silk Road (~150 B.C.)
 - Became a very popular religion
 - Had a large influence on society, government, and Chinese approach to religion/philosophy

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vfeeNq-Qyg .55 - 330



A Song to Wrap it Up?

<u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QTNyl</u>
 <u>JHcPd0</u>







Real knowledge is to know the extent of one's ignorance.

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TODAY'S ASIAN RELIGIONS/ BELIEFS

